Adoption: An Option for Friends

Do you have a lot of love to give to children and don’t want to add to Earth’s population? Have you considered adoption?

As Friends make life choices, they seek Divine Guidance in what they do. Adoption is a deeply personal choice and commitment for life, made with careful searching and for many reasons, whether to complete a family or to provide loving care for one or more children. Adoption provides a way for large numbers of children to find loving homes. Some Friends have considered adoption as part of their care for the Earth and concern over a growing world population. Parents raising one or two biological children can have more children through adoption without adding to the Earth’s population.

Adoption in the United States

Of nearly 65 million U.S. children under 18 years in 2010, 1.5 million (2.4 percent) were adopted. The number of children placed for adoption in the U.S. has decreased. In 2012, approximately 120,000 children were adopted in the United States, down from 140,000 in 2008. The adoption rate (per 100,000 persons 18 years and older) was 65 in 2001, 60 in 2008, and 49 in 2012.

The reasons for this decline in the adoption rate include better access to contraception, availability of abortion, and social acceptance of single parenthood. Before 1973, nine percent of babies born to never-married women were placed for adoption, compared to less than one percent from 1996 to 2002.

International Adoptions

Children are available for adoption from other countries. The number of children from other countries adopted by U.S. citizens increased rapidly from 7,100 in 1990 to 19,600 in 2001. The number peaked at nearly 23,000 in 2004 and has declined since—there were 5,370 adoptions from other countries in 2016.

To regulate inter-country adoption, the Hague Convention was drawn up on 29 May 1993 to ensure that the best interests of the child are met, that the child is adoptable, and that the prospective parents are suitable. Standards were set in regard to consents and payments. In the U.S., international adoption is facilitated by the Child Citizenship Act of 2000. This provides that immigrant children automatically become citizens as soon as their adoption is final.

Adoption and Foster Care

Still there are thousands of children available for adoption, ranging from infants to teens. More infants are available through adoption agencies or through private arrangements with an intermediary such as an attorney or a clergy person. The percent of total adoptions made through a public agency increased from 36 percent in 2001 to 40 percent in 2008 and 44 percent in 2012.

Between 2011 and 2015, the number of foster children in the United States increased from around 400,000 to 425,000. Slightly more than half of those each year exited from the foster care system, around 240,000. In 2015, 51 percent were reunited with parents and 22 percent were adopted.

Many of these children have special needs because of physical or mental disabilities. Families who are considering adoption may need to receive counseling on particular difficulties they may encounter. Some children who are deprived of their parents at an early age may have difficulty bonding. There may be other emotional difficulties for children who have been abused, neglected, or deprived. Services are available to help with these issues, although they can be expensive if not covered by health insurance.

A Mother’s Experience

Even though I was a foster parent at the time I decided to adopt as a single parent, I was shockingly unprepared for what I faced in the coming years and how financially difficult it was. I also chose to do open adoptions, so there were many challenges and joys along the way with birth relatives. But it is always a privilege to parent and love a child, however that child comes into your life. Difficult as their young lives have been, both my kids are precious to me, and taught me much about life, woundedness, and the power of love and being steadfast. Now grown, with children of their own, it is as though we have always belonged to each other.

—Linda T. Raczek
Durango Monthly Meeting, Colorado

A Father’s Experience

In my twenties I began serious wrestling with the idea of whether to have a child. At that time it was becoming clear that the world was becoming overpopulated and stressing the Earth to a breaking point. Would it be responsible to the children and to the world to have a child? When Tere Campos came into my life, she was divorced with two boys. When we fell in love it was clear that I was going to have not one, but two children. Tere and I decided that the two boys were sufficient. In all but name, I have “love-adopted” Ray and Rod, but in the distorted possessive sense that our culture uses “yours” and “mine,” some cannot fathom that my love for my sons is as profound as theirs, that my relationship is as deserving of acceptance and respect. I call them sons. I think others should too. In my case, population and concern for impact on Earth got folded into the decision-making, but that may not be common for most people who are considering children. In “Seeking Clearness on Child-Bearing in a Crowded World,” it is recommended that Friends Meetings have clearness on child-bearing as we do for marriage.

—Brad Stocker
Miami Monthly Meeting, Florida
Ways of Being Involved with Children
Adoption is just one option for being involved with children for people who don’t want to or cannot bear their own. There are many others. For instance, living in co-housing or another intentional community is a wonderful way to have contact with children. Another way is as a foster parent or being close to nieces and nephews. Many vocations and professions involve a lot of contact with children, such as childcare, teaching, or nursing. Newborn nurseries may have volunteers to rock the babies.

What if the Birth Parents Change Their Minds?
One of the greatest fears is that the birth parent(s) will contest the adoption after the adoptive parents have made an emotional investment in the child. In reality, less than one percent of adoptions are contested.

What Does it Cost to Adopt?
The least expensive adoptions available in the U.S. are through state foster-care systems ($0-$2,500). Costs of other adoptions through domestic or international agencies range from $8,000 to $48,000 or more. For comparison, the average cost of giving birth with no complications in the U.S. runs about $10,000. There are foundations that help with funding an adoption.

Employers are increasingly paying similar or the same benefits for adoption as for a biological birth. Tax laws in the U.S. allow a tax credit for adoption and continuing credits for care of children with special needs. Continuing subsidies are available through the U.S. Social Security Administration for adoption of a special-needs child.

In Canada there are no fees for adoption through domestic or independent practitioners funded by the public agencies and, in addition, some private agencies through the U.S. Social Security Administration for adoption of a special-needs child. In Canada there are no fees for adoption through domestic or independent practitioners funded by the public agencies and, in addition, some private agencies.

How Can Friends Meetings Help?
Chesapeake Quarterly Meeting has a population minute that includes the statement, “Meetings should make known the availability of clearness committees for couples who are considering additions to their family and want support in making a responsible decision.” (Adopted 1992: 06.07) What does your Meeting do in this regard?

Endnotes

9) Dave Thomas Foundation <davethomasfoundation.org>, and National Adoption Foundation <fundyouradoption.org>.

Resources

Adoption Council of Canada <adoption.ca>.
Intercountry Adoptions <travel.state.gov/content/adoptionsabroad/en.html>.

QEW Population Trifolds

Quaker Earthcare Witness works to integrate into the beliefs and practices of the Religious Society of Friends the Truth that God’s creation is to be respected, protected, and held in reverence in its own right, and the Truth that human aspirations for peace and justice depend upon restoring Earth’s ecological integrity. Some Friends may choose different language to describe their personal reasons for supporting or sharing in the work of Quaker Earthcare Witness. All are welcome who seek to further QEW’s programs and activities.

Contributions to QEW are welcome.